

# RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.Sc. FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2015

THIRD YEAR [BATCH 2013-16]

INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY [Hons]

Date : 15/12/2015

Time : 11 am – 1 pm

Paper : V

Full Marks : 50

## Group – A

[Use a separate Answer Book for each Unit]

## Unit – I

1. Define / Explain (**any six**): [6 × 1]
  - a) API Gravity
  - b) Aniline point
  - c) Fire point
  - d) Flash point
  - e) Pour point
  - f) Doctor test
  - g) Octane number
  - h) Cetane number
  - i) VI index
  - j) Detonation
  
2. Answer **any three** questions (short type answer): [3×3]
  - a) Write the function of reforming operation used in the refinery. Write the feedstock used for reforming operation. [2 + 1]
  - b) Discuss the reactions involved in the reforming operation. [3]
  - c) (i) What is Viscosity Index?  
(ii) How is Viscosity Index calculated? [1+2]
  - d) (i) Write the function of desulfurization process used in refinery.  
(ii) Write the catalyst and reactions involved in it. [1+2]
  - e) (i) What is the function of a catalyst in a chemical reaction?  
(ii) Why a reaction is speeded up in presence of a catalyst?  
(iii) What is meant by poisoning of catalyst? [1+1+1]
  - f) (i) What is meant by knocking?  
(ii) How is ISO-Octane prepared?  
(iii) What is mean by octane number of a gasoline? [1+1+1]
  
3. Answer **any three** questions (Long type answer): [3×5]
  - a) Outline the steps involved in the distillation of crude oil. Lists the fractions in order of increasing boiling points and state at least one use of the different fractions. [3 + 2]
  - b) Describe the fluidized bed cracking process in detail (with neat sketch). [5]
  - c) How do you calculate the following thermal properties of petroleum? [5]
    - (i) Thermal conductivity
    - (ii) Heat of combustion
    - (iii) Specific heat

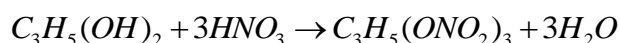
- d) Name the important properties to be measured for [2.5×2]  
 (i) Gasoline  
 (ii) Diesel
- e) Discuss the manufacturing process of petroleum coke in detail. [5]
- f) Give the present scenario of petroleum reserves in the world by a Pie chart which are the major petroleum producing countries in the world? Give a future projection of Indian Petroleum Industry. [1½+1½+2]

## Unit – II

### Answer any five

[5×4]

4. a) (i) Write the names of nitrating agents used for nitration reaction.  
 (ii) Write the nitration reaction with n-pentane and benzene. [2 + 3]
- b) How Acetylene is separated from ethylene in the ethylene manufacturing unit? Discuss in detail with flow sheet. [2 + 3]
- c) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of photochemical vs catalytic route of chloromethane manufacturing process. [5]
- d) (i) What is meant by hydrogenation of fats.  
 (ii) Discuss some uses of hydrogen in industry. [3+2]
- e) Discuss the chloromethane manufacturing process in detail. Write the reactions involved in the process. [3+2]
- f) (i) What is meant by the term D.V.S in the context of nitration. [1]  
 (ii) Calculate the D.V.S value of the mixed acid used in the following reaction. [4]



Mixed acid composition.

Total H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> — 49.99%

Total HNO<sub>3</sub> — 52.44%

Actual H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> — 49.90%

Actual HNO<sub>3</sub> — 52.38%

HNOSO<sub>4</sub> — 0.12%

H<sub>2</sub>O — (–) 2.40%

In this reaction a nitric acid ratio of 2.30 is used. Assume a value of 1% of moisture in the actual glycerine.

- g) Define with examples and equations of the following terms: [3+1+1]  
 (i) Sulfonation and Sulfation.  
 (ii) What is N-Sulfonate?  
 (iii) What are the commonly used materials of construction of a sulfonator?

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